



# SECURE ACT 2.0

## SMALL BALANCE FORCE OUTS

### WHAT & HOW

*Small balance force outs* are a plan design option by which plan sponsors can automatically distribute separated participant accounts with balances of \$5,000 or less without participant consent. **With the passing of SECURE Act 2.0, the allowed threshold increases to \$7,000 after December 31, 2023.**

To implement automatic distributions, the following rules apply:

- The plan document must be amended to allow small balances to be forced out.
- An updated summary plan description (SPD) must be provided to notify all participants of the change.
- The sponsor must select a rollover IRA provider. This is a fiduciary decision under ERISA. As a best practice, follow the safe harbor conditions provided by the DOL.
- If the amount of the distribution is less than \$5,000 (or \$7,000 starting January 1, 2024) but more than \$1,000, the account must be rolled over into an automatic rollover IRA.
- If the amount is \$1,000 or less, sponsors have the option of sending a check directly to the participant or rolling over the account to a qualified IRA (provider permitting).

### BENEFITS

Small balance force outs can be a valuable tool to the plan and plan sponsor. Some potential benefits include the following:

- **Reduced Fiduciary Responsibility:** Small balance force outs eliminate fiduciary responsibility for separated participant accounts that are removed from the plan.
- **Reduced Tracking Needs:** These force outs can eliminate or substantially reduce the need to track and find missing participants to furnish required notices and statements. This can reduce fiduciary liability and plan expenses.
- **Reduced Recordkeeping Costs:** Small balance force outs also can increase the average account balance of the plan and positively impact recordkeeping costs.
- **Reduced Audit Expenses:** Audit expenses can be avoided if the removal of small balances of separated participants keeps the participant count below audit thresholds.

### CONSIDERATIONS

Whenever implementing plan design changes, it is important to consider the impact to the plan. Some additional considerations are:

- **SECURE Act 2.0:** If your plan already utilizes mandatory distributions and would like to increase to the new amount, contact your recordkeeper to discuss the implementation process.
- **Distribution Frequency:** Mandatory distributions are typically implemented annually. For plans with high employee turnover or auto-enrollment, it may be helpful to ask the recordkeeper if it can administer mandatory distributions more frequently.
- **Reducing Rollover Minimums:** Rollover IRA providers may not accept small balance force out amounts below \$1,000, but some will. Inquire with your rollover IRA provider about options for account totals below this threshold. This can help reduce administrative duties and the need for paper distribution checks.